

1.1 $\min(-4 \mid -1 \mid -8)$

1.2 $3x + 6y - z - 8 = 0$

1.3 $\frac{82}{13}$

2.1 $t = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 800^2}}{v} + \frac{\sqrt{(1000 - x)^2 + 200^2}}{2v}$

2.2 426,14

3.1 $x - \frac{1}{6}x^3 = 1 - x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{6}x^3, x_1 = 0,5858, x_2 = 3,4142$

3.2 $x_1 = 0,5000, x_2 = 0,5856, x_3 = 0,5885, x_4 = 0,5885$

4.1 $P_1(0 \mid 0), P_2(-1 \mid 6)$

4.2 $\min(-1 \mid 6 \mid -4)$

4.3 $72x - 12y + z - 68 = 0$

4.4 -8,16

5.1 $1,4142 + 0,3536(x - 2) - 0,0442(x - 2)^2 = 1,3863 + (x - 2) - 0,2500(x - 2)^2$
 $x_1 = 2,0438, x_2 = 5,0973$

5.2 $x_1 = 1,6667, x_2 = 1,9981, x_3 = 2,0431, x_4 = 2,0438$

6.1 $P_1(0 \mid 0), P_1(1 \mid -1)$

6.2 $\min(1 \mid -1 \mid -1)$

6.3 $x_1 = -4, x_2 = 2$

6.4 $18x + 30y + z + 20 = 0$

6.5 $F^\perp = \frac{1}{1225} \begin{pmatrix} 5832 \\ 9720 \\ 324 \end{pmatrix}, F^\parallel = \frac{1}{1225} \begin{pmatrix} 6418 \\ -3595 \\ -7674 \end{pmatrix}$

6.6 6

7.1 $1 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{8}x^4 = 3 - \frac{3}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{8}x^4, x_{1,2} = \pm 1$

7.2 $x_1 = 1,0098$

$$8.1 \quad P_1(-3 | -39), P_2(4 | -32), \min(4 | -32 | -8192)$$

$$8.2 \quad 516x - 444y + z + 168 = 0$$

$$8.3 \quad F^\perp = \begin{pmatrix} 1032 \\ -888 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, F^\parallel = \begin{pmatrix} -999 \\ -1161 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$9 \quad t: y = -2\xi(x - \xi) + 4 - \xi^2$$

$$A(\xi) = \frac{1}{2}(4 + \xi^2) \frac{4 + \xi^2}{2\xi}$$

$$x_{\min} = \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{3}, A_{\min} = \frac{32}{9}\sqrt{3}$$

$$10.1 \quad P_1(-\sqrt{2} | -1), P_2(\sqrt{2} | -1) \\ \min(-\sqrt{2} | -1 | 2\sqrt{2}), \max(\sqrt{2} | -1 | -2\sqrt{2})$$

$$10.2 \quad Q(2 | -1 | -3)$$

$$\vec{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \varphi = 23,6^\circ$$

$$10.3 \quad v^\perp = \begin{pmatrix} 0,4 \\ 0 \\ 0,8 \end{pmatrix}, v^\parallel = \begin{pmatrix} -0,4 \\ 2 \\ 0,2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$11.1 \quad \det V = 2 \neq 0, \det W = 5 \neq 0$$

$$11.2 \quad \frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} -8 & -1 & -1 \\ -31 & -12 & -7 \\ 37 & 14 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$11.3 \quad \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -20 \\ 24 \end{pmatrix}_W, \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 7 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$11.4 \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{70}} \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}} \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$12 \quad f(x_0 + t) + f(x_0 - t) = 2y_0, P_0(3 | -5)$$

$$13 \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_n}{a_{n+1}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_n}{a_n + a_{n-1}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{1 + \frac{a_{n-1}}{a_n}} = \frac{1}{1 + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_{n-1}}{a_n}}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_n}{a_{n+1}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_{n-1}}{a_n} = x$$

$$x = \frac{1}{1+x}$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}, x_2 < 0 \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_n}{a_{n+1}} = x_1 = \frac{\sqrt{5} - 1}{2}$$

$$14 \quad f'(t) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$$

$$f(t) = \sqrt{1+t}, a = 0, b = x,$$

$$f'(t) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1+t}} = \frac{\sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1+0}}{x-0} = \frac{\sqrt{1+x} - 1}{x}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{1+t}} = \frac{\sqrt{1+x} - 1}{x}$$

$$\frac{x}{2} = \sqrt{1+t} \cdot (\sqrt{1+x} - 1)$$

$$t \in]0; x[\Rightarrow \sqrt{1+t} < \sqrt{1+x} \Rightarrow \frac{x}{2} < \sqrt{1+x} \cdot (\sqrt{1+x} - 1)$$

$$\frac{x}{2} < 1 + x - \sqrt{1+x}$$

$$\sqrt{1+x} < 1 + \frac{1}{2}x$$

$$15.1 \quad n = 1: \quad 1 = \frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}{6} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{k=1}^{n+1} k^2 &= \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} + (n+1)^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1) + 6(n+1)^2}{6} \\ &= \frac{(n+1)(n(2n+1) + 6(n+1))}{6} = \frac{(n+1)(2n^2 + 7n + 6)}{6} \\ &= \frac{(n+1)(n+2)(2n+3)}{6} = \frac{(n+1)(n+1+1)(2(n+1)+1)}{6} \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$15.2 \quad n = 1: \quad 1 = 1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n+1} (2k-1) = n^2 + (2(n+1)-1) = n^2 + 2n + 1 = (n+1)^2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$16.1 \quad x_0 = -1, \quad r = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n}{3(n+1)} = 1$$

$$x = -1 - 1 = -2: \quad \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 3n(-1)^n \text{ divergiert}$$

$$x = -1 + 1 = 0: \quad \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 3n(1)^n \text{ divergiert}$$

Konvergenz in $] -2; 0[$

$$16.2 \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(4x-1)^n}{n^n} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4^n}{n^n} \left(x - \frac{1}{4}\right)^n$$

$$x_0 = \frac{1}{4}, \quad r = \frac{1}{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{4^n}{n^n}}} = \frac{1}{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4}{n}} = \infty$$

Konvergenz in \mathbb{R} (bzw. \mathbb{C}).